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We claim:

- 1. A method of sequence specific recombination of DNA in a eukaryotic cell, comprising
- 5 a) introducing a first DNA sequence into a cell,
 - b) introducing a second DNA sequence into a cell, and
 - c) performing the sequence specific recombination by a bacteriophage lambda integrase Int.
- 2. Method of sequence specific recombination of DNA in a eukaryotic cell having a first DNA sequence in its genome, either naturally occurring or being introduced previously by DNA recombination, comprising the steps b) and c) defined in claim 1.
 - 3. Method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said first DNA sequence comprises an attB sequence according to SEQ ID NO:1 or a derivative thereof and said second DNA sequence comprises an attP sequence according to SEQ ID NO:2 or a derivative thereof.
- Method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said first DNA sequence comprises an attL sequence according to SEQ ID NO:3 or a derivative thereof and said second DNA
 sequence comprises an attR sequence according to SEQ ID NO:4 or a derivative thereof, wherein in step c) additionally a Xis factor is present.
 - 5. Method according to anyone of claims 1 to 4, wherein additionally a third or a third and fourth DNA sequence comprising an Int gene or an Int gene and a Xis factor gene, respectively, is introduced into the cell.
 - 6. Method according to claim 5, said third or said third and/or fourth DNA sequence further comprising a regulatory DNA sequence effecting a spatial and/or temporal expression of the Int gene and/or the Xis factor gene.
 - 7. Method according to anyone of claims 1 to 6, wherein said Int is a modified integrase.

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- 8. Method according to claim 7, wherein said modified Int is Int-h or Int-h/218.
- 9. Method according to anyone of claims 1 to 8, wherein in step c) additionally an "integration host factor" (IHF) is involved.

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10. Method according to anyone of claims 1 to 9, said first and/or second DNA sequence further comprising DNA sequences effecting an integration of said first and/or second DNA sequence into the genome of the eukaryotic cells by homologous recombination.

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- 11. Method according to anyone of claims 1 to 10, said first and/or second DNA sequence further comprising a nucleic acid sequence coding for a polypeptide of interest.
- 12. Method according to claim 11, wherein said polypeptide of interest is a structural protein, an endogenous or exogenous enzyme, a regulatory protein or a marker protein.
 - 13. Method according to anyone of claims 1 and 3 to 12, wherein said first and second DNA sequence are introduced into the eukaryotic cell on the same DNA molecule.

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- 14. Method according to anyone of claims 1 to 13, wherein said eukaryotic cell is a mammalian cell.
- 15. Method according to claim 14, wherein said mammalian cell is a human, simian, mouse, rat, rabbit, hamster, goat, bovine, sheep or pig cell.
 - Method according to anyone of claims 1 to 3 and 5 to 15, further comprisingd) performing after a first sequence specific recombination of DNA according to the steps a) to c) or a) and b) without a Xis factor a second sequence specific recombination of DNA by an Int and a Xis factor.
 - 17. Method according to claim 16, further introducing a further DNA sequence into said cells, the further DNA sequence comprising a Xis factor gene.

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- 18. Method according to claim 17, wherein said further DNA sequence comprises further a regulatory DNA sequence effecting a spatial and/or temporal expression of said Xis factor gene.
- The use of an *att*B sequence according to SEQ ID NO:1 or a derivative thereof and an *att*P sequence according to SEQ ID NO:2 or a derivative thereof, or an *att*L sequence according to SEQ ID NO:3 or a derivative thereof and an *att*R sequence according to SEQ ID NO:4 or a derivative thereof in a sequence specific recombination of DNA in eukaryotic cells.

Nucleic acid sequence according to SEQ ID NO:5 or a derivative thereof.

- 21. Vector, comprising a nucleic acid sequence according to SEQ ID NO:5 or a derivative thereof and a further nucleic acid sequence coding for a therapeutic gene or a DNA fragment thereof.
- 22. Vector according to claim 21, wherein said therapeutic gene is the CFTR gene, ADA gene, LDL receptor gene, β globin gene, Factor VIII gene or Factor IX gene, alpha-1-antitrypsin gene or the dystropin gene or a gene fragment of one of said genes.

23. Vector according to claim 21 or 22, wherein said further nucleic acid sequence comprises further expression and/or transcription elements.

- 24. Vector according to anyone of claims 21 to 23 for the use as a medicament in the human or veterinary medicine.
 - 25. Use of a vector according to anyone of claims 21 to 23 for the manufacture of a medicament for the somatic gene therapy.
- 26. Eukaryotic cell, obtainable by subjecting said eukaryotic cell of claim 1 or 2 to the method according to anyone of claims 1 to 18.
 - 27. Transgenic organism comprising at least one cell according to claim 26.

28. The organism according to claim 27, wherein said organism is a mouse, rat rabbit or hamster.